IOVRNALL, OR

Briefe report of the late feruice in Britaigne, by the Prince de Dombes Generall of the French Kings Army in those partes, affisted with her Maiesties forces at this present there, vnderthe conduct of Sir Iohn Norreis: aduertised by letters here resident from the said Prince to the Kings Ambassadour, with her Maiesty, and confirmed by like aduertisements from others, imployed in that service.

Published, to aunswere the slanderous bruites raised of late by some euill affected to that and other good actions, undertaken against the enemy of Gods true Religion.



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Fter the winning of the Towne of Guingcamp, the purpose of the Prince was, to have affailed the Towne of Morlaix, to the ende to have reduced the sayd Town, and the rest of Basse-Britagne to the Kings obedience. Howbeit not-

withstanding that the Duke of Mercaur was remoued from Pontiny, where he ioyned with four thoufand Spaniards, under the leading of Don Inan de Lagula and was marching towards Morlaix, by the

way of Corlay.

The Prince hauing discouered the forces of the saide Duke, which were of seauen hundred horse, foure thousand Spaniards, and two thousand Harquebusiers French: Considered how dangerous it might be to ingage his Army before a towne, vntill he were Maister of the fielde, the enemy being of more strength then he, and in a countrey of aduantage, and where he might bee affished with a multitude of peisants, long before armed and resolved for the enemy.

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Vpon these difficulties, the Prince made stay about the Towne of Guingeamp, as well to amend the fortifications, as to repaire the breach made by hys Canon, (the better to assure the Towne from the enemy) as to attend the bringing of two Canons, & two Culuerings, drawne from Brest to Lagnon, with certayne powder, bullets, and other munition, conuayed out of England to Pinpaoul, to the end that the same being in place of assurance, the enemy might not take occasion to drive the Prince from his other

enterprises.

The eight of Iune, the Duke de Merceur arrived at Corlay, within three leagues of Guingcamp, a castle pretending to hold for the king, but in the possession of Madame de Guymenay, whose brother, Monsieur de Beaudolphin is liefetenant to the Duke de Mercaur, to that it semed the partie was made before hand, for the next day after they did arrive, the caffle rendred without feeing the Canon, and the Captain remayned with the enemy: & fro that place the Duke fent to the Prince a Trompeter about certaine prisoners of ours, taken at Corlay, who fignifyed to the fayd Prince that he had in charge fro the Duke, to entreat him to appoint some place of Battaile: wherunto the Prince made aunswere, that it was the most acceptable newes that could be brought vnto him, thing which he often fought and defired, and whervnto at this time, he hoped to enforce the faid Duke to whom he would not return answer by the mouth of a Trompeter, which might be disaduowed, but by

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doth repu by a writing figned with his owne hand, which was accordingly performed as followeth.

The Prince de Dombes Gouernour for the King in Daulphine, and Generall of his army in the Prouince of Britaigne.

PPon a message delivered to the sayd Prince by a Trompeter fent to him from the Duke of Mercour, for other causes, by the which hee was sollicited to assigne and make choise of some day of place of battaile, desired by the Duke: he considering how speaches of that nature delivered by a Trompeter, might be disadvowed, and desiring as -ewer sithence his first comming into that Countrey, that some like occasion might be offered whereby the miseries and calamites of the same might have an end, which he had made appeare by effects, thought meet for the better advancing of so good a worke, by this writing signed with his hand, and fent by a Trompeter of his owne, to fignify to the fayd Duke de Mercoeur, that the thing he most desired, was to come to the iffue of so happie a day, and therefore would yeeld unto him the choyse of the day and place for that encounter, so that the place of meeting be capable to receive the two armies in order of Battaile, and to anoyd the delayes that might growe by want of resolution herein, he thought the Lawne of Menay were fitte for this purpose, concluding, that if this honorable resolution should chance to be differed uppon any alteration what soewer on either part: he the faid Prince doth protest before God and the world, that the honour and reputation of him that shall herein make default, shall incur the

the staine and presudice that shall grow thereof. Dated at the Campe before Guingcamp, the fewenth of ISOI.

The s. of Iune the Duke of Mercaur remooued from Corlay to Saint Gilles, two small leagues distant fro, Chasteau-Laudran: The same day also the Prince departed from Guingcamp, about three of the clocke in the morning, and lodged that night at Chasteau. Laudran, where his own Trumpeter with the Trumpeter of the Duke de Mercaur met him, and deliuered an answere from the said Duke signed with his hand, the contents whereof followeth.

The Duke de Mercour and of Penthieure Peere of France, Prince of the Holy Empire, Lorde of Martiques and Gouernour of Britaine.

Auing perused the writing of the Prince de Dombes. fent upon the challenge of battel, delinered by his trumpeter: even as he hath many times fought the occasion, and desiring nothing more, then by a battel to free this Prouince from the miseries wherwith it hath bin overwhelmed, by the repaire of the faid Prince into the same, and to withstand the apparant ruine thereof like to ensue, by the domination of an hereticall king, with the overthrow of our holy Gatholike religion: for the desire he hath to see the issue of so happy a day, and because the day and place is referred to his election, is resolued to be ready with his army on Thorseday next at ten of the clocke in the morning, in the fittest place for such an a-Etion 1947 nem

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ction betweene Corlay and Guingcamp, and to come onward the best part of the way: which ought not to be refused or diferred in seeking of any place more remote or unsit with out dishonour. The said Duke protesting before God (from whom as sighting in his cause he hopeth of victorie) that he neuer had other intent, and that if the saide Prince shal either refuse or diferre this offer, he shall shew to the world, that his actions are not answerable to his bragges, and shall thereby blemish his honour and reputation. Dated at the Campe at Corlay the 8. of sune 1591.

Hereunto the Prince for many good resons, gaue such reply as the D. might perceive, that he woulde not contend with him only in termes opprobrious, but to give him all the provocation that possible hee might to come to handstrokes returned him this answere.

The Prince de Dambes Gouernour of Daulphine, Lieutenant Generall for the King in his armie in Britaigne.

I Auing scene the answere of Duke Merceur of the eight of this moneth signed with his hand upon the affer made of the day and place of battel to be given, saith, he was sent into this province to chastice and punish those that are traiterously rebelled against the King, of whome the saide Duke being chiefe, doth manifest how he shunneth and feareth the prosence of the said Prince, and the prine and punishment of his rebellion; and in regard of the lead imputa-

tions given by his answer to the King & to the faid Prince, he faith he tyeth, and shal lie as often as he shall so fay. At the Campe at Chasteau-Laudran the ninth of Iune. 1501.

This Cartel was fent by a trumpeter, and delivered to the Duke in the presence of many of the principal men of his army.

THe Duke greatly moued with this Cartell, did openly by a folemne othe vowe within three daies to offer battaile to the Prince, and on the o.of Iunebeing wensday, dislodged, & that day incaped Quelenec a Village about a league and a halfe from Chastean-Landran, scituate at the foote of a high hill, which by deepe hedges, ditches and inclosures, confronted a little heath of two miles compas, to which Heath vpon the discouery of the approach of the enemy by the army, the Prince mounteth on horsebacke, and goeth to discerne and make choise of the place for the battaile betweene the ennemy and hims, and findeth about three quarters of a league of the Village aforesaide, a large plaine or Heath, skirted in the fide of the enimie with a Coppice, by a little hill, & the ground raifed with ditches of great aduantage for the enemie, who by three large paffages might without any difficulty, enter into the faid Heath.

The tenth day of Iune, the ennemy, within one quarter of a league of the Heath, sheweth his whole army in order of battaile vpon the top of a hill: the

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Prince on the other side put his troups in ordonance within the Heath, disposing the same by the adule of Sir Iohn Norreis into three Battallions, whereof the infanterie English made two, & the Lancekneights the third. This day was spent with some light skirmishes, entertained by our men, and followed even

to the maine of the enemies army.

The 11. of June being Friday, the enemy drew his army to the foot of the hill, and placed his artillerie vpon the fide of the Heath, in a place of fuch adnantage as it comanded in the nature of a Cauallier all the whole Heath, where he possessed the ground neare about him, & bordred al the hedges with shot: and by the time that this was perfourmed our army was marched into the Heath in order of battaile, and presently sent out two hundred footemen to viewe the countenance of the ennemy, who aduauncing themselues, charged the ennemy, draue them to their strengths, put them from their hedges and Barricades, and flewe diverse of them. Vpon the retrait of these two hundredmen, the Duke put forth five hundred French, and three hundred Spaniardes to repossesse the places, whom he followed with the great of his arme. Which perceived by the Prince, remaining on the Heath with Monsieur de la Hunauldaye commanding the auantgard, and having his regiment of horse in battaile on the right hand of the white Cornet, and General Norreis (who in this action gaue good proofe of his wifedome and valour) Monfieur de Pogray, de Pruneaux, de Monmartin, and de

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de Bastenay, order was given for the putting foorth of three hundred footemen, commanded by Captaine Anthony Winefield Sergeant major, and captaine Morton, and the English horse lead by Captaine Anthony Sherley, and the skirmish hotely profecuted, the enemy let flippe a greatnumber of shorte vnder the defence of the hedges, thinking to lodge them on the left hand, &to have taken some two or three houses, & a small wood vpon the edge of the Heath. The Prince commaunded to be drawen out of the Battallion of the Lancekneights one hundred men, fhorteand pikes, and one hundred and fiftie shorte French, lead by the Baron de Molac, backed with forty lighthorse, conducted by Monsieur de la Tremblaye, appointed to force the enemy from the place they had taken.

This direction was valiantly profecuted by ours, but specially by the English, soas the enimies horse and sootemen which were in the plaine were forced to flie, many slaine, and the rest driven to save them selves wythin their Artillerie, where the whole strength of Spaniardes, with the rest of their armie was placed. There was taken in this charge Monsieur de Guebrian Colonell of the sootemen of the ennemy by Monsieur de la Tremblay, and slaine Don Roderigo, chiese Mareschall of the Spaniards, a Spanish Captaine, and to the number of two hundred

French, and three fcore Spaniards.

This resolute charge so amazed the army of the enemy, that our men were suffered within tenne paces

ces of their Cannon to different the dead, lead away prisoners, and retired at their case, the enemy neuer proffering to followe.

In this charge Captaine Anthony Sherley gave fuch an example to the French horse, as was admired and much commended in all the army, and the commanders on soote perfourmed their partes with no lesse valour and reputation, namely, the Sergeant Maior, Captaine Dolphin, and Lieutenant Long, who behaued himselfe most valiantly, and received in his body five harquebuz shotte: but all such as by Gods helpe within sewedayes he will be able to returne againeint the field.

Therefidue of the day wherein this charge was given was spent in slight skirmishes and canonades.

The twelfth of Iune, the enemy made a very great shewe to come foorth to the battaile, but at the last, sent out some number of shotte to the skirmish, against whom captaine Anthony Sherley with fifteen horse and a sewe foote, made head, and put them speedily to their heeles, pursuing them to their Barricades, where his horse was shotte in the head, and Maister Kempe a Gentleman of that Cornet slaine, and Maister Charles Blunt his horse killed vnder him with the Canon, and himselfe somewhat wounded.

The thirteenth of Iune, the ennemy also offered fome light skirmishes, but woulde not abide anie charge either of horse or foote.

On Monday the 14-of June we expected the battaile, as vndertaken by Don Juan de Lagula General of the Spaniards, in the honor of S. John whose day it was with them, but nothing was done: and that day seemed to ende their choler, for that the Duke did prepare the same night to dislodge, withdrawing his Cannons from the place where they were planted, and the day following repassed the hil where he first appeared, and from thence retired to

Quelenec, where yet he remaineth.

The Prince hereuppon after he had continued his army on the Heath, from Friday the eleauenth of Iune, till the fifteenth of the fame, alwayes in a readines to have given battaile (the weather having bin for the most part exceeding wet) withdrew his artillerie, diflodged his army, and returned every troupe to the severall quarters, where they had before lodged, expecting the intention of the enemy, thereby to aduise of the meanes to attempt upon him.

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The two armies continued encamped the one neere to the other by the space of sixe dayes, in all which time the enimy neuer durst presume to draw his army into the Heath, nor make choise of ground for battaile, not with standing the brauery of his chal-

lenge.

On Wednesday the fixteenth day of Iune, Monfieur de la Noue with the troupe of the Conte Montgomery being an hundred Curates, and the Conte de Combourg came vnto Chastean Landran, whose arrivall giveth hope of good successe in the Kinges affaires, to the ruine and consusion of his enemies.



The Prince de Dombes in a particular Letter of the twentith of June, sent to the Kings Embassadour heere resident with her Maiesty giueth this testimony of the valour of our Generall and Nation.

I Send this briefe discourse of the late action, where with you may acquaint her Maiestie, protesting truely wnto you, that I observe daily more and more the valour and woorth of Generall Notreis, who hath so worthely carried himselse in all these actions, that he hath wonne greate honour and reputation here, and so have all the Captaines and Souldiours of that Nation under his conduct: and if the Spaniardes had had courage and valour like to these English troupes which is hath pleased her Maiestie to send unto us, we had made an ende of the miseries of this Province, by the happy issue of a battaile.

And Monsieur de la Nouë in a Letter of the 21. of Iune to the saide Embassadour, yeeldeth his opinion of the actions, and of the General and our Nation in these termes:

The enemy was retired two leagues from our Army before my arrivall, and is sithence gon further off: beleeve mee there was made a brave attempt uppon him, as Generall Norreis can best signific unto you, who was prefent at all that was offered. Our determination is still to draw the to Battail, which can not at altimes at our choise bee effected, as well by reason of the quality of the Countrey, as that the Duke of Mercœur will commit nothing to hazarde. Without the succour sent hither by the Queene of England, Brittaigne had beene greatly in danger, (I meane so much thereof as is possessed by the King) who in that respect is greatly bound unto her Maiesty. It is a verie saire and gallant troupe of men, and are commanded by a most brave Captain Generall Notreis, a man very tractable, and with whom we are well sitted in disposition.

FINIS.





